

HKMM ACTIVITY SHEET

DEVELOPMENT OF HONG KONG HARBOUR (C4, B1, B2 & B3)

1 Begin your search in the gallery named "Creating Victoria Harbour" (C4)
When was Britain given Hong Kong?

2 Find "Views of Hong Kong Harbour (As Seen from the Anchorage)" by Lieut. LG Heath. Look at the middle picture. These pictures were made in 1846. The harbour does not look like this now. What would you say the differences are? _____

Lieut. Heath was an artist on board the ship H.M.S. Iris. Why do you think a ship needed an artist at that time?

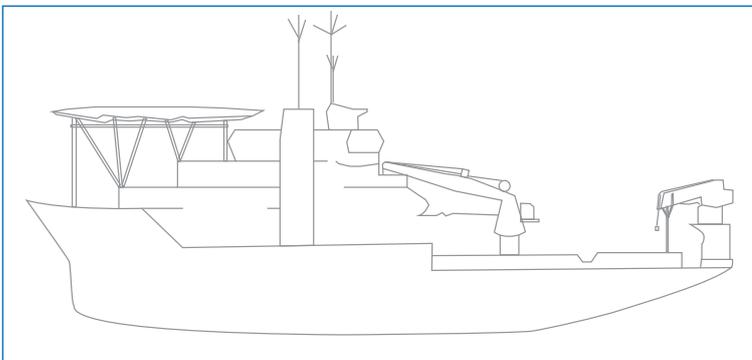
Soon the harbour was used by thousands of Chinese people on their way to find work in other countries.

3 Look at the three pictures of Chinese labourers. Can you find out what kind of work they did when they arrived in the United States from one of the pictures?

Why do we have so many ship models in the museum? It is because ships are often dismantled when they are old. The materials used to build the ships, like wood and metal, are recycled to build something else. Models were often built at the same time as the ship, for the owner and to use for training and have been kept.

4 More information on the growing harbour can be found upstairs on B Deck. Go to the gallery named "Hong Kong Ships and Shipyards."

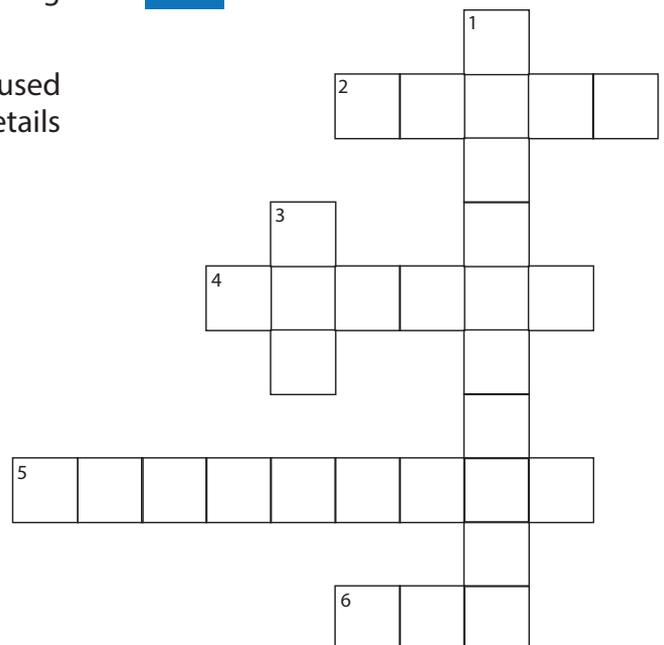
A lot of different ships come to Hong Kong. There used to be many more types of ship. Can you fill in the details inside the outline of the ship model below?



Across

- 2. small seeds used for food, cereal
- 4. materials from a tree
- 5. a big box that holds goods on a ship
- 6. an energy source, harvested from deep underground

5 Cargoes



Down

- 1. people who travel on a ship
- 3. a form of fuel

Can you see the wooden frame with sticks in it? They are called 'tally sticks' and were used for the wages for local workers called "coolies." They helped load and unload ships before cranes were invented.

Find out more about them on the touch screen around the corner.

6 Ships were not loaded in this way after the 1970's. What was the important invention which meant that coolies were no longer needed? Find the panel named "The Box" to help you.

90% of the world's cargo is carried by ships today.

7 Look at the model of the container port. Why is it in Kwai Tsing and not in the middle of Victoria Harbour?

8 Go to the Harbour Viewing Gallery. The carpet here is a map of the harbour. The harbour is now half the size it was in 1841. Find the red marker. This is where you are standing. It is also where Lieut. Heath was in 1846 when he made the drawing on board the Iris.

Can you guess what the pale blue area represents?

9 Look out of the window to see the ships in the harbour. Put a "✓" mark next to the type of ships you can see.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Star Ferry
<input type="checkbox"/>	Dredger
<input type="checkbox"/>	Passenger Cruise Liner
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fishing Boat
<input type="checkbox"/>	Tall ships or junks (old-fashioned ships)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hovercraft

Which type of ship do you see most often? Draw it below:

